



The Utilization of Satellite Data in the TMD

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6-9 November 2023 Busan, South Korea



Outline

- *TMD's Vision and Duties
- Utilization of GEO Satellite data and products in TMD
- Utilization of LEO Satellite data and products in TMD
- Future plans for Satellite data and products utilization



* TMD's Vision and Duties

Vision

"Aspiring to the excellence in meteorology at the international level"

Duties

- To supply weather forecasts for the entire country and publicize disaster warnings;
- To build people's awareness toward natural disasters and reduce the effects of natural disasters by using modern technologies together with IT services;
- To become the meteorological IT data and service center at the national level for users in any venture;
- To improve and develop the Department's research works;
- To strengthen the Department's roles in international cooperation concerning meteorology and the environment.



TMD receives/access GEO satellite data

by receiver/software with NWP products

- Himawari-9 >>> SATAID platform (JMA, available)
- FY-2G >>> CMACast (CMA, not available)

by Internet

- HimawariCloud and HimawariRequest

GEO satellite products being used in the TMD

- Himawari-9
- FY-4A (CMA, via internet)
- IMD satellite (via internet)
- Himawari enhancement products through other agency websites, e.g. CIMSS, JTWC.



Weather forecasting

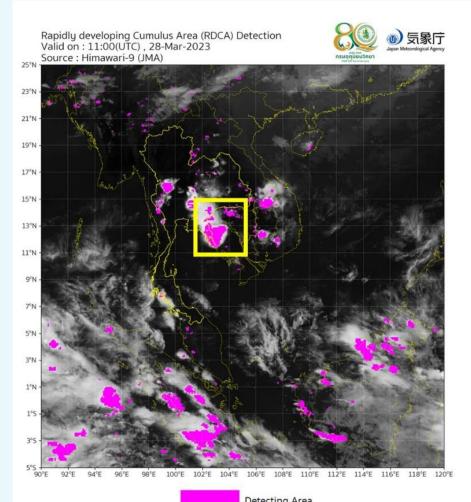
- To analyze the TC center and its intensity;
- Early detection signals for Rapidly Developing Cumulus Areas in severe weather, and nowcasting to short-range weather forecasts in the EWSs;
- Satellite QPE for hourly GSMaP and hourly/Acc Daily PERSIAN.

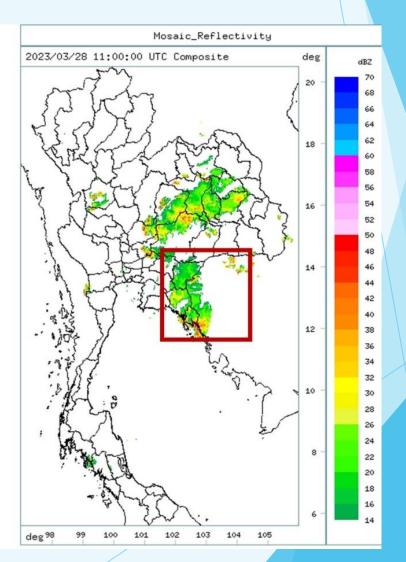
Aeronautical MET forecasting

- SIGMET, Inflight Weather Advisories.



Early detection signals for RDCA in EWSs

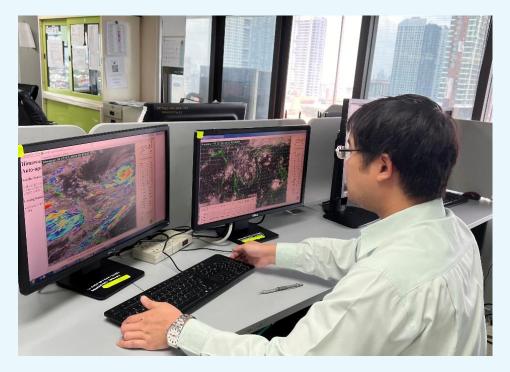


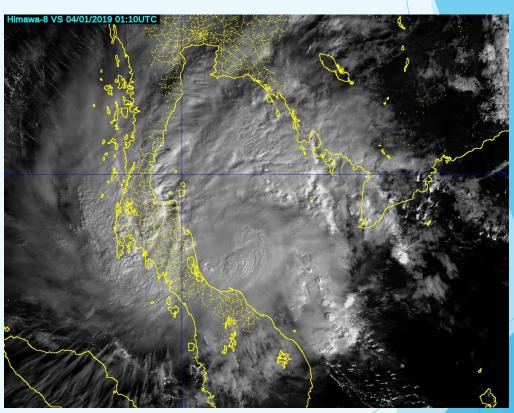


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SATAID platform

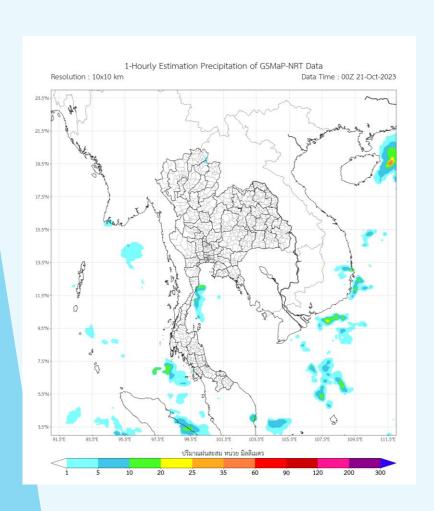


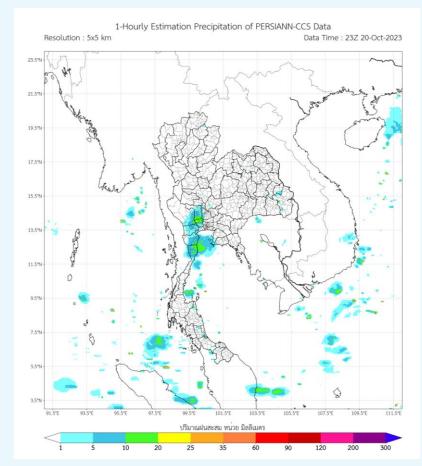


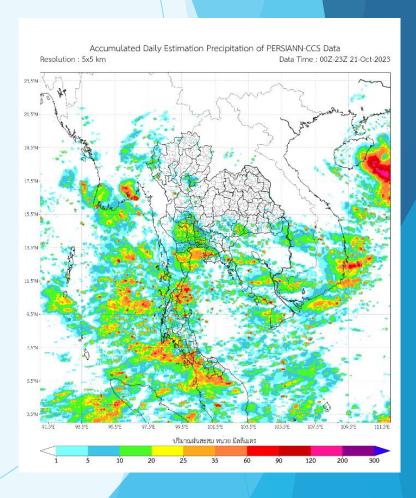
TS "Pabuk" (2018) HimawariRequest



Satellite QPE

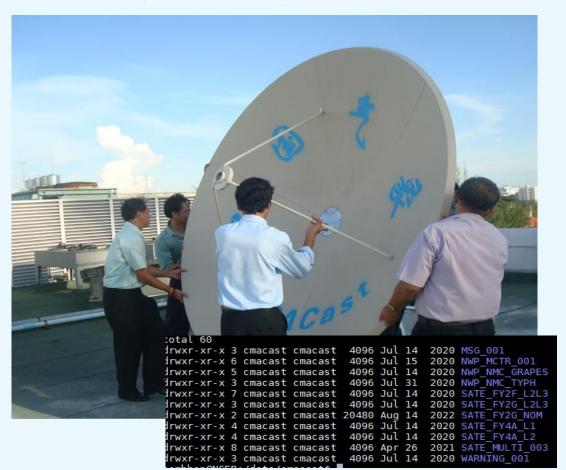


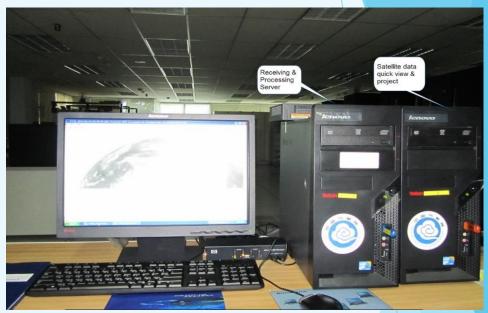


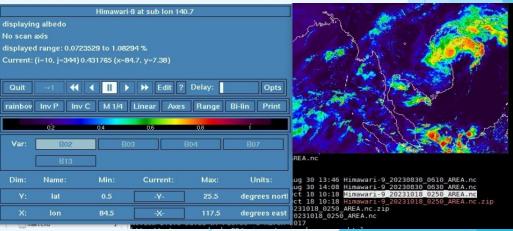




CMACast (not available)









TMD receives/access LEO satellite data

by receiver/software

- 13 GNSS Stations (China, available)

by Internet

- NASA's Aura platform
- ERS-2 satellite
- Terra/Aqua MODIS

LEO satellite products being used in the TMD



TMD uses the LEO satellite data and products for

Earthquake Surveillance Division

- Analyze GNSS data to determine the plate movement (velocity field)

Ozone and Radiation Center

- Monitor the ozone layer, UV radiation, atmospheric pollutants, and air pollution;
- Aerosol optical thickness;
- Volcanic SO2 and ash;
- Albedo climatology.



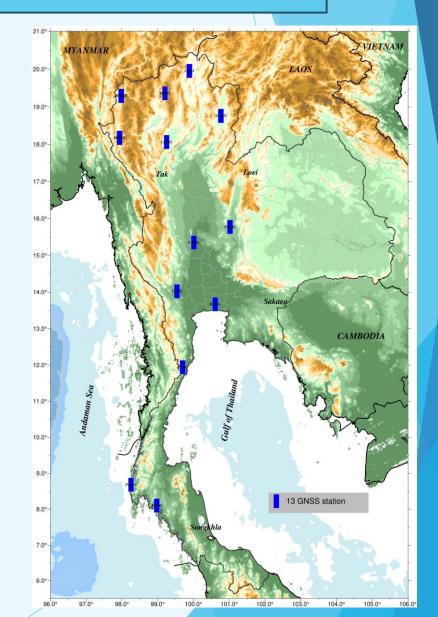
TMD has a total of 13 GNSS stations, starting operation in 2019.







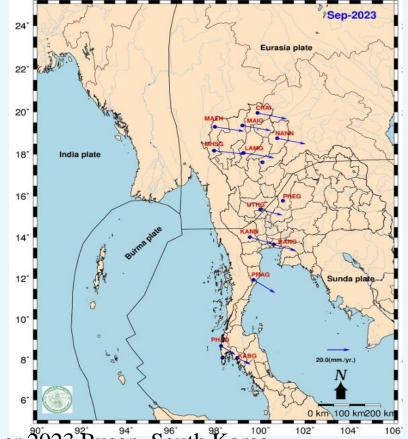
TOPCON Net G5+CR-G5

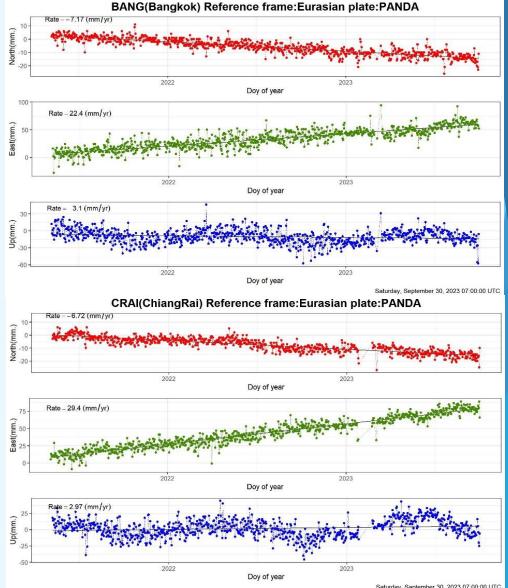






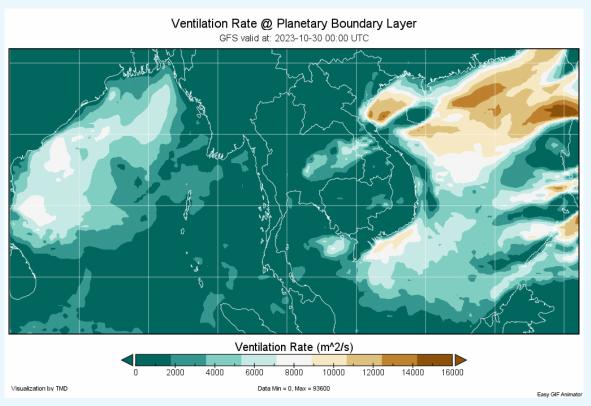
To determine the plate movement (velocity field)



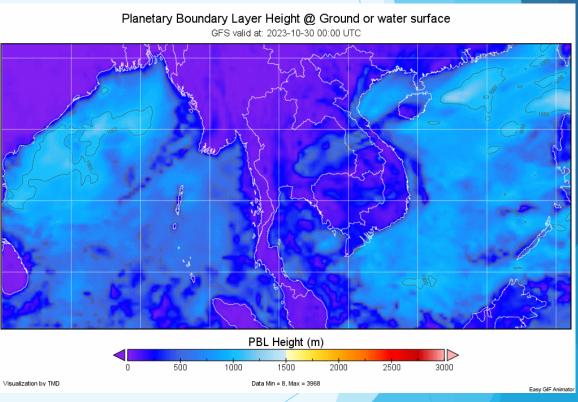


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http://ozone.tmd.go.th/PM2.5/weather/Map/VRATE/VRATE.html



http://ozone.tmd.go.th/PM2.5/weather/Map/PBLH/PBL.html





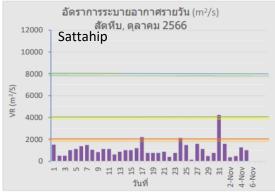


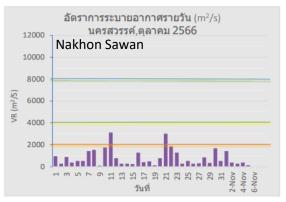
Trends Analysis Of Ventilation Rate (m²/s)

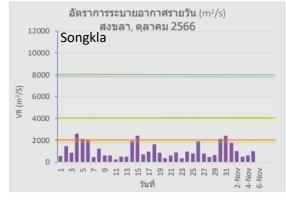


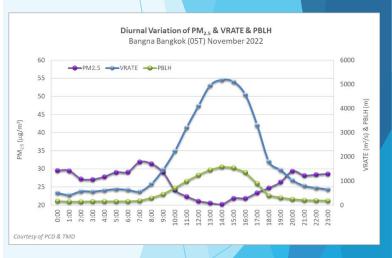












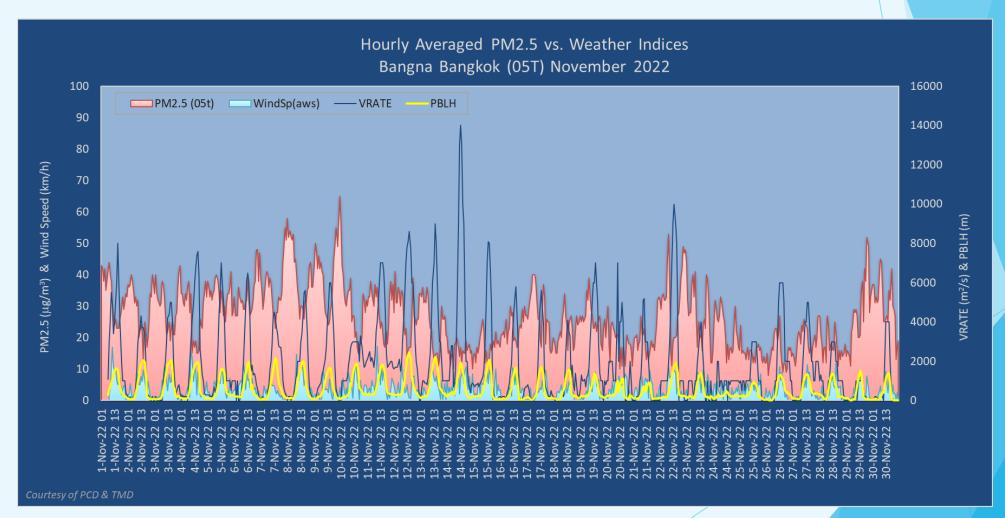
		ozone.tmd@gmail.con
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	ความหมายอัตราระบายอากาศ (Ventilation Rate, m^2/s)			
	> 16000	ดีที่สุด (Excellent)	อากาศไม่มีเสถียรภาพ ลมแรง การเผาในที่โล่งด้วยความระมัดระวัง ส่งผลกระทบน้อย	
	8000-16000	ดีมาก (Very Good)	การเผาในที่โล่ง ส่งผลกระทบค่อนข้างน้อย	
	4000-8000	ดี (Good)	การเผาในที่โล่ง ในเวลากลางวันเมื่ออากาศมีการยกตัว ส่งผลกระทบปานกลาง	
	2000-4000	อ่อน (Fair)	การเผาในที่โล่ง ก่อน 11.00 น. และหลัง 16.00 น. ส่งผลกระทบค่อนข้างมาก	
5	Coupt 1	Kinren	การเผาในที่โล่ง ส่งผลกระทบต่อคุณภาพอากาศมาก	

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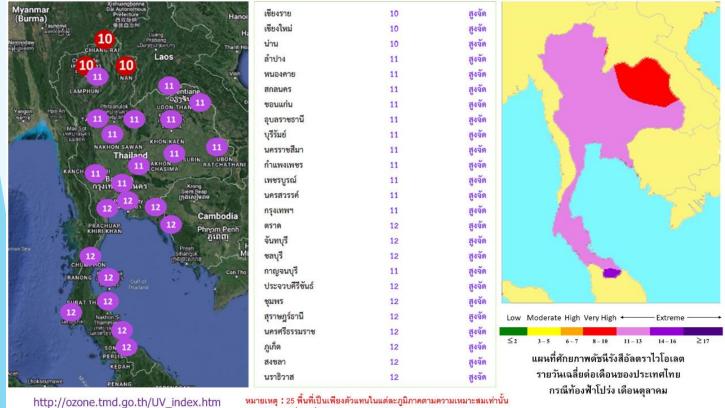




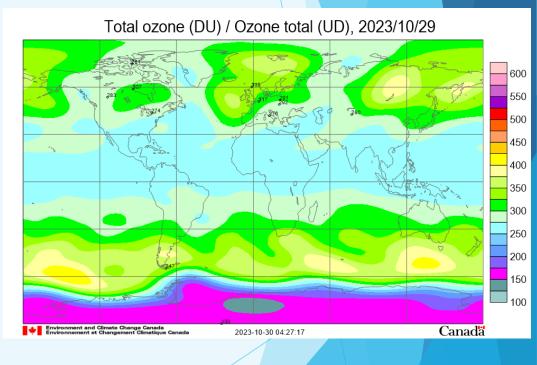
UV Index



พยากรณ์ดัชนี UV ในวันที่ 27 ต.ค. - 2 พ.ย. 2023 ณ 12:00 น. จำนวน 25 สถานี (ตัวแทนแต่ละภูมิภาคของประเทศไทย)



สำหรับจังหวัดอื่นๆ ที่ไม่ได้ระบุ สามารถใช้ข้อมูลจากจังหวัดใกล้เคียงแทนได้







❖ Future work of interest to enhance the utilization of GEO Satellite data and products in TMD

Weather forecasting

- 1. RDCA, early detection of convective cloud needs lightning data as the ground truth data and accuracy differences between such detection during daytime and nighttime;
- 2. Cooperation concerning the CMACast system to receive FY-4A data and products;
- 3. Use data assimilation for the atmospheric model (WRFDA);
- 4. In 2024 and 2025, utilize meteorological satellite data for applications of AI/ML methods for nowcasting to short-range prediction of severe weather;



❖ Future work of interest to enhance the utilization of LEO Satellite data and products in TMD

Earthquake

- Apply GNSS to monitoring of crustal motion;
- Apply GNSS to the velocity field and strain field in the active fault area;
- Coseismic deformations;
- Ionospheric disturbance of an earthquake;
- Sharing GNSS data and related cooperation.



❖ Future work of interest to enhance the utilization of Satellite data and products in TMD

Ozone and UV

- 1. Himawari data/product enhancements for weather, climate, and aerosol prediction;
- 2. Technical support for data transformation and visualization software/platforms.



Thank you for your attention